# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

Together With Independent Auditors' Report

J. TERRY GORDON & CO., CPAs CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 40 TECHNOLOGY PARKWAY SOUTH SUITE 250 NORCROSS, GEORGIA 30092

(770) 449-4921

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE, GEORGIA

# **MAYOR**

Lois Salter

# **MAYOR PRO-TEM**

Rebecca Spitler

# **CITY COUNCIL**

Jack W. McDaniel, Jr. W. Rodney Hammond Scott Lee Bob Smith Rebecca Spitler

# **CITY ADMINISTRATOR AND CLERK**

**Tom Rozier** 

# **DEPUTY CITY ADMINSTRATOR**

Pat Chapman

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Page Number
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	10 11
Fund Financial Statements:  Balance Sheet - Government Funds  Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -  Government Funds	12 13
Reconciliations of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Government Funds to the Statement of Activities	14
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	15-33
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	34
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDU	LES:
Governmental Funds	35
General Fund: Comparative Balance Sheet	36
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	37
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	38
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund: Comparative Balance Sheet	39
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	40
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	41

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED**

	Page Number
Berkeley Lake Dam Repair/Reconstruction Capital Projects Fund: Comparative Balance Sheet	42
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	43
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	44
Debt Service Fund: Comparative Balance Sheet	45
Comparative Balance Sheet  Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	7.5
in Fund Balance	46
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual	47
CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL  Schedule by Function and Activity Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity Comparative Schedule by Source	48 49 50
OTHER REPORTING SECTION:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	51-52
Report on the Schedule of Projects with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	53-54
Schedule of Projects Financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	55

# J. Terry Gordon & Co.

Certified Public Accountants

40 Technology Parkway South Suite 250 Norcross, Georgia 30092 770 449-4921 770 242-6474 Fax

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Member of Georgia Society of Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

# CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE, GEORGIA

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express

no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia, as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the General Fund, Capital Projects Funds and Debt Service Fund for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 4, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis found on pages 4 through 9 and the General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual on page 34 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Report on Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information on pages 34-50 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 4, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreement and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Berkeley Lake's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

J. TERRY GORDON & CO. Certified Public Accountants

Norcross, Georgia

May 4, 2018

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management of the City of Berkeley Lake provides this *Management's Discussion and Analysis* for readers of the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. This narrative overview of the City's financial activities should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and disclosures to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City of Berkeley Lake exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year by \$12,822,999 (reported as "net position"). Of this amount, \$1,553,995 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's governmental funds report combined ending fund balances of \$2,094,671. Approximately 73.7 percent of this amount, \$1,544,045, is available for spending at the City's discretion (*unassigned general fund balance*).

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Berkeley Lake's basic financial statements. The City of Berkeley Lake's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. Comparative data is presented when available.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual of the current year's revenues and expenses is taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The City's net position, which is the difference between assets, what the citizens own, and liabilities, what the citizens owe, is one way to measure the City's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets (roads, buildings, etc.) must be considered to assess the overall health of the City.

The *statement of activities* present information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both the government-wide financial statements contain the City's only activities:

• Governmental activities: most of the City's basic services are reported here, including public safety, infrastructure maintenance, parks and recreation, and general administration. Taxes, fines/forfeits and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 and 11 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements**. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required to be established by state law. The City of Berkeley Lake uses one category fund: governmental fund.

In fund financial statements, information is presented in separate columns for each of the major funds. Data from non-major funds are combined into a single, aggregated column for presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Governmental Funds. Most of the City's basic governmental activities reported in the government-wide statements are accounted for in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation beside the fund financial statements. The City uses four governmental funds whose basic financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15-33 of this report.

**Other Information**. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information including combining financial statements for non-major funds referred to earlier. Individual fund statements and schedules are presented following the required supplementary information. These statements and schedules contain much more detailed financial information about individual services or divisions of the City.

This report includes two schedules (pages 12 and 14) that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with the governmental activities reported on the government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the impact of transitioning from modified accrual to accrual accounting:

- Capital assets used in governmental activities on the government-wide statements are not reported on the fund financial statements.
- Unless due and payable, long-term liabilities appear only in the government-wide statements.
- Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on the government-wide statements but is reported as expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements.
- Some expenses reported in the government-wide statements represent increases in liabilities on the government-wide statements but are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds because they do not require the use of current financial resources.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Berkeley Lake, assets exceeded liabilities by \$12,822,999 as of December 31, 2017.

# CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE

# **NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

	Governmenta	l Activities
	<u> 2017                                     </u>	2016
Current and Other Assets	\$ 2,212,976	\$ 1,824,549
Net Capital Assets	10,728,328	10,777,015
Total Assets	12,941,304	12,601,564
Other Liabilities	<u>118,305</u>	66,591
Total Liabilities	118,305	66,591
Investment in Capital Assets	10,728,328	10,777,015
Restricted Net Position	540,676	515,841
Unrestricted Net Position	1,553,995	1,242,117
Total Net Position	<u>\$12,822,999</u>	<u>\$12,534,973</u>

The largest portion of the City's net position (83.7 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available to future spending.

Restricted net position totaling \$540,676 are constrained by debt covenants or legal requirements and are not available for day-to-day operations of the City. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$1,553,995) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

# CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

	2017	2016
Other Taxes	\$ 450,832	\$ 392,423
Investment Earnings	10,660	3,397
Other	18,056	6,494
Total Revenues	1,403,410	1,373,948
Expenses:		
General Government	430,170	344,069
Public Safety	91,927	69,963
Housing and Development	195,394	138,623
Judicial	4,648	4,622
Public Works	377,308	232,454
Culture and Recreation	15,937	11,706
Interest	· •	
Total Expenses	1,115,384	801,437
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	288,026	572,511
Beginning Net Position	12,534,973	11,962,462
Ending Net Position	<u>\$12,822,999</u>	<u>\$12,534,973</u>

Governmental Activities. Governmental fund activities increased the City's governmental fund balance by \$288,026 in year 2017. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Total revenues were \$1,403,410, an increase of \$29,462 (2%) over the prior year.
- Expenditures totaled \$1,115,384, an increase of \$313,947 (39.2%) over the prior year.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Berkeley Lake uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and financial reporting requirements.

Governmental Funds. The City uses governmental funds to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year. The City of Berkeley Lake uses four governmental funds: the general fund, capital projects fund and the debt service fund.

At the end of the current year, the City's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,553,995, an increase of \$311,878 or 25 percent in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 99.4 percent of this amount (\$1,544,045) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either *nonspendable or restricted* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for other restricted purposes.

As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare *unassigned fund balance* to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 196 percent of total general fund expenditures for the current year.

Key factors to the increase of the general fund's fund balance of \$311,878 during the current year are as follows:

• No transfers out to other governmental funds to pay off general obligation bond debt was required.

# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's budget is prepared according to the Georgia statutes and the City of Berkeley Lake Code. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

The City's original budget for 2017 was amended during the year. The budget was balanced using allocation from prior year reserves (fund balance).

# 2017 General Fund Budget

	Original Budget	Amendments	Final Budget	Actual
Revenue/Other Financing Sources	\$946,522	\$ 153,873	\$1,100,395	. ,
Expenditures/Other Financing Uses	\$947,484	\$(135,909)	\$ 811,575	

Actual revenues were on target with final budget for 2017. Actual expenses were slightly below final budget target.

# CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The City of Berkeley Lake's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2017, amounted to \$10,728,328 (net of accumulated depreciation and related debt). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements and machinery and equipment.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the City's purchases for capital assets totaled \$11,267.

More information on capital assets may be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City's elected officials considered many factors when adopting the budget for the year ending December 31, 2018. Budget calculations were based on, but not limited to, the following:

- 1. During 2014, the City commissioned an evaluation of the condition of streets within its boundaries. As a result of those findings, the City budgeted for paving roadways with an evaluation of 'fair' or 'poor' in 2015, using SPLOST, City/County SPLOST funding and Local Maintenance and Improvement Grant funding. Since that time, roads that were in the 'good' category in 2014 have worsened so that work extends into 2018.
- 2. The City continues to expend operational funds in the development of its own storm water management program.
- 3. New residential development will continue to produce income from permit fees in 2018.
- 4. During 2014 through 2017, the City worked with franchisees to ensure appropriate fees were being paid for use of the City's rights of way based upon the current City boundaries. That work resulted in an increase in current and future franchise fees.
- 5. While the City became free of general obligation debt at the end of 2015, there was much discussion regarding maintaining continuity of professional staffing and ensuring the City's financial and operational well-being on an ongoing basis by evaluating staff compensation plans and setting aside funds for paving roads, maintaining City Hall and addressing short-term and long-term storm water infrastructure issues. Toward that end, the City expects to set a millage rate equal to or slightly less than the roll-back rate during 2018.

# REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Berkeley Lake finances for all of its citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City Administrator/Clerk, 4040 South Berkeley Lake Road, Berkeley Lake, Georgia 30096.



# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# **DECEMBER 31, 2017**

	Primary Government		
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,447,354	\$ -	\$ 1,447,354
Receivables:			
Property taxes	16,938	-	16,938
Other taxes	197,094	-	197,094
Intergovernmental	56,543	-	56,543
Prepaid items	9,950	-	9,950
Restricted Assets:			
Cash	485,097	-	485,097
Capital Assets:			
Nondepreciable capital assets	9,302,261	-	9,302,261
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,426,067		1,426,067
	010 011 001	Φ.	<b>#10.041.004</b>
Total Assets	<u>\$12,941,304</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$12,941,304
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 42,184	\$ -	\$ 42,184
Retainage payable	Ψ (2,10)	_	
Accrued liabilities	42,566	_	42,566
Unearned revenue	33,555	<u>.</u>	33,555
Official To Vertice		······································	
Total Liabilities	\$ 118,305	\$	\$ 118,305
NET POSITION		_	
Investment in capital assets	\$10,728,328	\$ -	\$10,728,328
Restricted For:			
Capital projects	540,676	-	540,676
Unrestricted	1,553,995	_	1,553,995
Total Net Position	<u>\$12,822,999</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$12,822,999

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Program Revenues				
To the second	Expenses	Charges For Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		
Functions/Programs					
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ 430,170	\$114,544	\$ -		
Public safety	91,927	-	-		
Housing and development	195,394	34,527	-		
Judicial	4,648	-	-		
Public works	377,308	-	-		
Culture and recreation	15,937				
Total Governmental Activities	\$1,115,384	\$149,071	<u>\$</u>		

# General Revenues:

Property Taxes
Insurance premium tax
Franchise taxes
Other taxes
Unrestricted investment earnings
Miscellaneous revenue/other

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Program <u>Revenues</u> Capital	Net (Expense) Changes in N Primary Go	let Position		
Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	Total	Total
Contributions	Activities	Activities	2017	2016
\$ -	\$ (315,626)	\$ -	\$ (315,626)	\$ (237,805)
	(91,927)	***	(91,927)	(73,963)
-	(160,867)	_	(160,867)	(103,464)
-	(4,648)	-	(4,648)	(4,622)
324,664	(52,644)	-	(52,644)	159,557
	(15,937)	_	(15,937)	(11,706)
\$324,664	<u>\$ (641,649</u> )	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (641,649</u> )	<u>\$ (272,003)</u>
	\$ 450,127	\$ -	\$ 450,127	\$ 442,200
	122,355	<u>-</u>	122,355	114,904
	275,478	-	275,478	228,398
	52,999	-	52,999	49,121
	10,660	-	10,660	3,397
	18,056	<del></del>	18,056	6,494
	929,675	-	929,675	844,514
	288,026	-	288,026	572,511
	12,534,973		12,534,973	11,962,462
	\$12,822,999	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$12,822,999</u>	<u>\$12,534,973</u>

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENT FUNDS

# **DECEMBER 31, 2017**

		Special Purpose	Special Purpose		2017	2016
		Local Option	Dam Repair/		Total	Total
		Sales Tax	Reconstruction	Debt	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Capital Projects	Capital Projects	<u>Service</u>	Funds	Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,447,354	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,447,354	\$ 1,126,547
Restricted assets (cash)	-	485,097	-	-	485,097	483,830
Receivables, net	214,032	-	-	-	214,032	171,435
Prepaid items	9,950	-	-	-	9,950	10,726
Due from other governments		<u>56,543</u>	No.		56,543	32,011
			•	•	A 0 0 1 0 0 7 6	A 1 00 4 6 40
Total Assets	<u>\$1,671,336</u>	<u>\$541,640</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 2,212,976</u>	<u>\$ 1,824,549</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance	200					
Liabilities:	<u>ces</u>					
Accounts payable	\$ 41,220	\$ 964	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,184	\$ 43,874
Retainage payable	Ψ 11,220	ψ J01	Ψ -	_	,	-
Accrued liabilities	42,566	<u>.</u>		_	42,566	8,307
Due to other funds	,500	<b>.</b>	-	_		-
Unearned revenue	33,555	••	_	_	33,555	14,410
Total Liabilities	117,341			-	118,305	66,591
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items	9,950	_	-	-	9,950	10,726
Restricted:	-,				,	,
Debt service	_	_	_	_	-	-
Capital projects						
expenditures	_	540,676	-	-	540,676	515,841
Unassigned, reported in:		,			,	,
General fund	1,544,045	_	-	_	1,544,045	1,231,391
Total Fund Balances	1,553,995		-	_	2,094,671	1,757,958
Total Liabilities and						
Fund Balances	\$1,671,336	<u>\$541,640</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,212,976	1,824,549
Ata uan autad fan aanam	um antal aatis	uities in the states	nant of not nositie	n,		
Amounts reported for governare different because:	imentai activ	ines in the states	nem of her position	)11		
Capital assets used in gove	arnmental ac	etivities are not fi	nancial resources	and		
therefore, are not report			manoiai resources	ana,	10,728,328	10,777,015
meretore, are not report	ca iii tiic itii	ius			10,720,320	10,777,015
Net Position of Governmenta	al Activities				<u>\$12,822,999</u>	<u>\$12,534,973</u>

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENT FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	General \$ 931,644 118,385 21,649	Local Option Sales Tax	Special Purpose Dam Repair/ Reconstruction Capital Projects  \$	Debt Service	Funds \$ 931,644 118,385 322,284	2016 Total Governmental Funds \$ 864,695 107,352 390,830
Fines and forfeits Investment earnings	6,500 10,660	2,380	-	-	6,500 13,040	1,800 4,578
Other	11,557			<u></u>	11,557	4,693
Total revenues	1,100,395	303,015	••	***	1,403,410	1,373,948
Expenditures:						
Current: General government	376,125	5,358	_	_	381,483	291,287
Public safety	91,927	5,550		-	91,927	73,963
Housing and develop.		<u></u>	**	-	195,394	138,623
Judicial	4,648	_	•	_	4,648	4,622
Public works	104,486	272,822	-	-	377,308	232,454
Culture & recreation	15,937	<del></del>	-	***	15,937	11,706
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	788,517	278,180			1,066,697	752,655
expenditures	311,878	24,835		-	336,713	621,293
Other financing sources (us	ses):					
Transfers in	-	-	-	•	-	4,946
Transfers out				-		(4,946)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_		_	**		-
Net change in fund balance	311,878	24,835	-	-	336,713	621,293
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,242,117	515,841			1,757,958	1,136,665
Fund balances at end						
of year	\$1,553,995	<u>\$540,676</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$2,094,671</u>	<u>\$1,757,958</u>

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Fund

\$336,713

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.

Additions	11,267
Depreciation expense	_(59,954)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$288,026

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 1. Description of Governmental Unit

The City of Berkeley Lake was incorporated in 1956 under provisions of the laws of the State of Georgia. The City operates under a Mayor - Council form of government and provides the following services in addition to general administrative responsibilities; public safety, streets maintenance, and cultural and recreational activities.

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# A. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities at the government-wide financial reporting level, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

# B. Reporting Entity

The City's financial statements include the accounts of all City operations and included in this report are all activities of the City of Berkeley Lake. The accounting policies and the presentation of the financial report of the City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia (the "City") have been designed to conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units, in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). In conformity with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section 2100, defining the governmental reporting entity, the City includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the City Council of the City. Since no other entities are controlled by or rely on the City, the reporting entity consists solely of the City.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASP) has issued Statement No. 34. This statement establishes new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments throughout the United States. Its implementation creates new information and restructures much of the information that governments have presented in the past. The GASB's intent is to make annual reports more comprehensive and easier to understand.

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole. All funds other than fiduciary activities are included at the government-wide reporting level. Individual funds are not displayed at this reporting level but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and City general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers. The City of Berkeley Lake had no business-like activities as of December 31, 2017.

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the governmental activities of the City.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the governmental activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function.

16

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly related to the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the City's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues of the City. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds.

Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for non-major funds.

Fund Accounting - The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City uses only one category of funds: governmental.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The City reports the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund's fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Georgia.

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for long-term projects financed by the passage of a special purpose local option sales tax and as such is restricted for those purposes.

Berkeley Lake Dam Repair/Reconstruction Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for the repair/reconstruction to the dam financed by a general obligation bond issuance.

*Debt Service Fund* - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, the City's General Obligation Refunding Series 2009 and the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011, general long-term debt principal and interest.

# D. Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# D. Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities reports revenues and expenses, including depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial statements. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

Like the government-wide statements, proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus on both financial reporting levels. The City had no proprietary funds as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017.

# E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. At the fund reporting level, governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting at both reporting levels. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# E. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, the phrase "available for exchange transactions" means expected to be received within twelve months of year-end.

Revenues - Non-exchange Transactions - Non-exchange transactions in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within 60 days) before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual: property taxes, other taxes, interest and federal and state grants.

Unearned Revenue - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

On governmental fund financial statements (i.e., on the modified accrual basis), receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue (i.e., they are measured but not available) rather than as revenue.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# E. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. On the modified accrual basis, expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

# F. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

# 1. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments are stated at fair value.

Statutes authorize the City to invest in U.S. Government obligations, State of Georgia obligations, obligations of other municipalities, and certificates of deposit.

# 2. Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, where applicable.

# 3. Interfund Balances

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year as well as all other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# F. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

# 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

On both the government-wide and fund financial statements, supplies are recorded as expenditures at the time items are purchased; they are not recorded on the statement of net position due to a lack of materiality.

Certain payments to service providers reflect costs applicable to future periods and are recorded as prepaid items when purchased. These amounts are subsequently adjusted at audit date. They are labeled as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

# 5. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The City reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but does not report these assets in the governmental fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City's infrastructure generally consists of streets and roads. Improvements (i.e., betterments) to capital assets are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed. The capitalization threshold is generally any item exceeding \$500.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# F. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years

# 6. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of these funds. Debt service expenditures are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

# 7. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# F. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### Fund Balance

For the classification of fund balances: (1) the government considers restricted or unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes or which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available and (2) committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are considered have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Net Position

Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Net positions are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net positions are reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

# 8. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# F. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

# 9. Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

# Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

# A. Budgetary Information

The City adopts an annual operating budget for the general fund, the capital projects fund and the debt service fund. The budget resolution reflects the total of each department's appropriation in each fund.

The governmental funds' budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. All unexpended, unencumbered annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

The level of legal budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is the department level with the following provisions:

- The departments may transfer funds from one object or purpose to another within the department, subject to approval by Mayor/Council.
- The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 4. Deposit and Investment Risk

# Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City has no formal policy, but follows State of Georgia requirements that all deposits be federally insured or fully collateralized.

# Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

# Credit Risk

State of Georgia law limits investments to include certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, direct and agency obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Georgia or other states, obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia, and pooled investment programs of the State of Georgia. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. Investments are reported at fair value.

# Concentration of Credit Risk

The City has no formal policy on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer.

# Foreign Currency Risk

The City has no investments dominated in a foreign currency. The City participates in the State of Georgia Local Government Investment Pool. Assets in this pool are invested in Georgia Fund 1, created by OCGA 36-83-8, which is a stable net asset investment pool

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 4. Deposit and Investment Risk (Continued)

that follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAA rated money market funds. Georgia Fund 1 is managed by the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer. The investment policies of Georgia Fund 1 are established by the Georgia State Depository Board. However, Georgia Fund 1 operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00 per share value). Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on \$1.00 per share. Georgia Fund 1 is managed by the Georgia Office of Treasury and Financial Services. The investment policies of Georgia Fund 1 are established by the Georgia State Depository Board.

Georgia Fund 1 is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The weighted average maturity at December 31, 2017 was 9 days. At December 31, 2017, the City's balance in Georgia Fund 1 was \$872,349.

# Note 5. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2017, consisted of taxes, interest and intergovernmental receivables. Receivables and payables are recorded on the City's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectability.

# Note 6. Property Taxes

The City's property taxes are billed and collected by Gwinnett County. The City levies annual real and personal property taxes based on the lien date of January 1. After adoption of the millage rate, the levy date is September 15, with taxes due on that date through November 15. After this 60 day period, the taxes become delinquent and subject to penalty and interest. At year end, the receivables represent delinquent taxes. At the fund reporting level, if delinquent taxes are not paid within 60 days of year end, they are recorded as deferred revenue since they are not available to finance current expenditures.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 7. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2016	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 12/31/2017
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 9,302,261	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,302,261
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	1,770,036	5,358	7,170	1,768,224
Machinery and equipment	121,738	-	2,935	118,803
Furniture and fixtures	71,493	-	3,714	67,779
Computers and peripherals	<u>35,850</u>	<u>5,909</u>		41,759
Total other capital assets	<u>1,999,117</u>	11,267	<u>13,819</u>	1,996,565
A				
Accumulated depreciation:	\$ 347,567	Φ 45 500	¢ 7 170	\$ 385,920
Buildings and improvements		\$ 45,523	\$ 7,170	· /
Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures	83,259 70,555	7,873 470	2,935 3,714	88,197
Computers and peripherals	22,982	6,088	3,714	67,311 29,070
Total accumulated		0,000		29,070
depreciation	524,363	_59,954	13,819	570,498
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	<u>\$10,777,015</u>	<u>\$(48,687</u> )	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$10,728,328</u>
Governmental activities depreciation expense:				
General government		<u>\$ 59,954</u>		

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 8. Defined Contribution Plan

The City adopted a defined contribution plan under the GMA 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan ("GMA Plan") on November 21, 2013 effective January 1, 2014 for all eligible administrative employees who work forty (40) hours per week.

<u>Waiting Period</u> - The waiting period to participate is six (6) months (not to exceed 12 months) of service calculated from the commencement of the employee's employment with the City. Eligible employees as of January 1, 2014 were given credit for prior service.

<u>City Matching Amounts</u> - Under the Plan, the City matches 100% of the employee contributions up to 7% of the employees compensation (gross income from the City).

<u>Vesting Schedule</u> - The vesting schedule is graduated based upon the following table:

Completed Years of	
Service as Eligible Employee	Vested %
1 year	20%
2 years	40%
3 years	60%
4 years	80%
5 years	100%

Contributions by the year ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 were \$44,577 and \$25,961, respectively. Plan members contributed for the year ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 were \$63,842 and \$39,902, respectively.

# Note 9. Other Notes

# A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA). This membership allows the City to share liability, crime, motor vehicle and property damage risks.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

# Note 9. Other Notes (Continued)

# A. **Risk Management** (Continued)

Chapter 85 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated authorizes Georgia municipalities to form interlocal risk management agencies. The GIRMA is a municipal interlocal risk management agency to function as an unincorporated nonprofit instrumentality of its member municipalities - GIRMA establishes and administers one or more group self-insurance funds and a risk management service to prevent or lessen the incidence and severity of casualty and property losses occurring in the operation of municipal government. GIRMA is to defend and protect in accordance with the member government contract and related coverage descriptions any member of GIRMA against liability or loss.

The City of Berkeley Lake must participate at all times in at least one fund which is established by GIRMA. Other responsibilities of the City are as follows:

- To pay all contributions, assessments or other sums due to GIRMA at such times and in such amounts as shall be established by GIRMA.
- To select a person to serve as a Member representative.
- To allow GIRMA and its agents reasonable access to all facilities of the City and all records, including but not limited to financial records, which relate to the purpose of GIRMA.
- To allow attorneys appointed by GIRMA to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the Fund or Funds established by GIRMA.
- To assist and cooperate in the defense and settlement of claims adjusters, Service Company, and any agent, employee, officer or independent contractor of GIRMA relating to the purposes of GIRMA.
- To furnish GIRMA such budget, operating and underwriting information as may be requested.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

#### Note 9. Other Notes (Continued)

### A. **Risk Management** (Continued)

• To report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in GIRMA or any Fund established by GIRMA being required to pay claim for loss or injuries to municipal property when such loss or injury is within the scope of the protection of a Fund or Funds in which the City participates.

The City of Berkeley Lake retains the first \$1,000 of each risk of loss in the form of a deductible. The City files all claims with GIRMA. GIRMA bills the City for any risks of loss up to \$1,000 deductible.

Pursuant to Title 34, Chapter 9, Article 5 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the City of Berkeley Lake is a member of the Georgia Municipal Association Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund. The liability of the fund to the employees of any employer (City of Berkeley Lake) is specifically limited to such obligations as are imposed by applicable state laws against the employer for workers' compensation and/or employer's liability. The City pays an annual contribution to GMA for the workers' compensation.

The Fund is to defend, in the name of and on behalf of the members, any suits or other proceedings which may at any time be instituted against them on account of injuries or death within the purview of Workers' Compensation Law of Georgia, or on the basis of employer's liability, including suits or other proceedings alleging such injuries and demanding or compensation therefor, although such suits, other proceedings, allegations or demands be wholly groundless, false or fraudulent. The Fund is to pay all costs taxed against members in any legal proceedings defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

#### Note 10. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, 2) use unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and 3) move capital assets between governmental activities and business-type activities, also within business-type activities. Transfers are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements if the interfund transfer is within the governmental fund group or business-type fund group.

There were no interfund transfers at December 31, 2017.

### Note 11. Contingent Liabilities

Grant contingencies - Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation - There are no matters of pending or threatened litigation against the City as of December 31, 2017.

#### Note 12. Subsequent Event

The date through which events occurring after December 31, 2017 has been evaluated for possible adjustment to the financial statements or disclosure is May 4, 2018, which is the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

#### Note 13. Joint Venture

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other municipalities and counties in the Greater Atlanta Metropolitan area, is a member of the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC). The ARC is composed of 64 municipalities and 10 counties in the Greater Atlanta Metropolitan area. Membership in the ARC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OGCA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the ARC in Georgia. The ARC Board membership includes representation from each county and municipality of the area, as well as representatives from the private sector and other governmental entities. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of the ARC. Separate financial statements for the ARC are available from:

Atlanta Regional Commission 40 Courtland Street, N.E. Atlanta, Georgia 30303



COMBINING	AND INDIVIDUAL	FUND STATEMI	ENTS AND SCHED	ULES

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	B	Variance with Final Budget-		
			Actual	Positive
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$803,510	\$ 931,644	\$ 931,644	\$ -
Licenses and permits	97,505	118,385	118,385	-
Intergovernmental	19,994	21,649	21,649	-
Fines and forfeits	-	6,500	6,500	-
Investment earnings	3,108	10,660	10,660	-
Other	22,405	<u>11,557</u>	11,557	***
Total revenues	946,522	1,100,395	1,100,395	
Expenditures:				
General government	414,625	376,125	376,125	_
Public safety	88,665	91,927	91,927	
Housing and development	185,718	195,394	195,394	-
Judicial	7,425	4,648	4,648	-
Public works	143,451	127,544	104,486	23,058
Culture and recreation	20,405	15,937	15,937	_
Health and welfare	-	_	-	_
Total expenditures	860,289	811,575	788,517	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	86,233	288,820	311,878	23,058
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	_	•••	_	-
Transfers (out)	(87,195)	***	·	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(87,195)	-	-	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (962)</u>	<u>\$ 288,820</u>	311,878	<u>\$23,058</u>
Fund balances - beginning			1,242,117	
Fund balances - end			<u>\$1,553,995</u>	

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources traditionally associated with government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND**

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of specifically planned projects.

#### Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for long-term projects financed by the passage of a special purpose local option sales tax referendum.

### Berkeley Lake Dam Repair/Reconstruction Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for the repair/reconstruction to the dam financed by a general obligation bond issuance.

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

The Debt Service Fund is used for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on general long-term debt (other than Enterprise Funds).

#### CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

These Capital Assets are the fixed assets of the City, other than those accounted for in the Proprietary (Enterprise) Funds. Assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased, or if historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost, or fair market value on the date donated, if donated.

## COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

## **DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

	2017	2016
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash	\$1,447,354	\$1,126,547
Restricted assets (cash)	-	
Property taxes receivable	16,938	17,459
Other taxes receivable	197,094	153,976
Prepaid items	9,950	10,726
Due from other funds	-	_
Total assets	<u>\$1,671,336</u>	<u>\$1,308,708</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 41,220	\$ 43,874
Accrued liabilities	42,566	8,307
Unearned revenue	33,555	14,410
Total liabilities	117,341	66,591
Fund balance:		
Nonspendable	9,950	10,726
Unassigned	1,544,045	1,231,391
Total fund balance	1,553,995	1,242,117
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$1,671,336</u>	<u>\$1,308,708</u>

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

	2017	2016
Revenues:		
Taxes	\$ 931,644	\$ 864,695
Licenses and permits	118,385	107,352
Intergovernmental	21,649	-
Fines and forfeits	6,500	1,800
Investment earnings	10,660	3,397
Other	11,557	4,693
Total revenues	1,100,395	981,937
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government	376,125	277,316
Public safety	91,927	73,963
Housing and development	195,394	138,623
Judicial	4,648	4,622
Public works	104,486	76,212
Culture and recreation	15,937	11,706
Health and welfare		•
Total expenditures	788,517	<u>582,442</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	311,878	399,495
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Transfers in	-	7
Transfers out	•	(4,939)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(4,932)
Net change in fund balance	311,878	394,563
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,242,117	847,554
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$1,553,995</u>	<u>\$1,242,117</u>

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts					
			Actual	Positive		
	Original	Final	_Amounts_	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$803,510	\$ 931,644	\$ 931,644	\$ -		
Licenses and permits	97,505	118,385	118,385	-		
Intergovernmental	19,994	21,649	21,649	-		
Fines and forfeits	-	6,500	6,500	-		
Investment earnings	3,108	10,660	10,660	-		
Other	22,405	11,557	11,557	Marie de la constante de la co		
Total revenues	946,522	1,100,395	1,100,395			
Expenditures:						
General government	414,625	376,125	376,125	_		
Public safety	88,665	91,927	91,927	_		
Housing and development	185,718	195,394	195,394	-		
Judicial	7,425	4,648	4,648	_		
Public works	143,451	127,544	104,486	23,058		
Culture and recreation	20,405	15,937	15,937	-		
Health and welfare		<u>-</u>	-			
Total expenditures	860,289	811,575	788,517	23,058		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	86,233	288,820	311,878	23,058		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		-	-	**		
Transfers (out)	(87,195)			**		
Total other financing sources (use	s) <u>(87,195</u> )					
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (962)</u>	\$ 288,820	311,878	<u>\$23,058</u>		
Fund balances - beginning			1,242,117			
Fund balances - end			<u>\$1,553,995</u>			

### CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE, GEORGIA SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

#### **COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET**

## **DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

	2017	2016
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted assets (cash)	485,097	483,830
Investments	-	-
Taxes receivable	-	-
Intergovernmental receivable	<u>56,543</u>	32,011
Total assets	<u>\$541,640</u>	<u>\$515,841</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE  Liabilities: Accounts payable Intergovernmental payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 964 - -	\$ - -
Due to other funds	***	
Total liabilities	964	-
Fund balance:		
Restricted	540,676	515,841
Total fund balance	<u>540,676</u>	515,841
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$541,640</u>	<u>\$515,841</u>

### CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE, GEORGIA SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

# COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

	2017	2016
Revenues:		
Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$300,635 	\$390,830 
	303,015	392,011
Expenditures:	278,180	170,213
Excess of revenues over expenditures	24,835	221,798
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (net)		4,939
Total other financing sources (used)		4,939
Excess of revenues and other financing sources		
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	24,835	226,737
Fund balance, January 1	515,841	289,104
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$540,676</u>	<u>\$515,841</u>

### CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE, GEORGIA SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Buo	Budgeted Amounts Actual				
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$785,694 	\$314,249 	\$300,635 	\$(13,614)		
Total revenues	785,694	316,629	303,015	(13,614)		
Expenditures	784,732	268,736	278,180	(9,444)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	962	47,893	24,835	(23,058)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in (out)	***		<del></del>	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>		-			
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing						
uses	<u>\$ 962</u>	<u>\$ 47,893</u>	24,835	<u>\$(23,058)</u>		
Fund balance, January 1			515,841			
Fund balance, December 31			<u>\$540,676</u>			

### CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE, GEORGIA DAM REPAIR/RECONSTRUCTION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

#### **COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET**

## **DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

	2017	2016
Assets:		
Cash Restricted assets (cash) Investments Taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance:		
Liabilities: Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ - - - -	\$ - - -
Total liabilities	*****	
Fund balance: Restricted	<u>-</u>	
Total fund balance		
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$</u>	\$

### CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE, GEORGIA DAM REPAIR/RECONSTRUCTION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

	_2017_	2016	
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$ - 	\$ - - -	
Expenditures		-	
Excess of revenues over expenditures			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers (net)		41114144	
Total other financing sources (used)			
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses			
Fund balance, January 1	-		
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	

## CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE, GEORGIA DAM REPAIR/RECONSTRUCTION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts Actual Original Final Amounts				Variance with Final Budget-Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	-
		-		-		-		-
Expenditures:	***************************************					•••	-	**
Excess of revenues over expenditures		<u>-</u>				**		-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in (out)		<u>-</u>			***************************************	***		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		_						-
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$	-			<u>\$</u>	
Fund balance, January 1								
Fund balance, December 31					<u>\$</u>	_		

# CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE, GEORGIA DEBT SERVICE FUND

## COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

## **DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016**

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted assets (cash)	-	
Investments	-	-
Taxes receivable	-	-
Intergovernmental receivable	-	
Total assets	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental payable	-	-
Accrued liabilities		
Total liabilities		<b></b>
Fund balance:		
Restricted	***	4444
Total fund balance	<del>-</del> _	-
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	\$

### CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE, GEORGIA DEBT SERVICE FUND

# COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Revenues:		
Taxes Investment earnings	\$ - 	\$ - 
Total revenues		-
Expenditures:		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Bonds issued for dam repair/reconstruction Bonds repayments Transfers in Transfers out	- - -	(7)
Total other financing sources (uses)		_(7)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		(7)
Fund balance, January 1		
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

## CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE, GEORGIA DEBT SERVICE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budg	Budgeted Amounts			
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes Investment earnings	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - 	
		-			
<b>Expenditures</b>	-	-		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in (out) Bonds repayment	- 	***		- 	
Total other financing sources				_	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>		<u>\$ -</u>	
Fund balance, January 1			-		
Fund balance, December 31			<u>\$</u>		

# CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

## **DECEMBER 31, 2017**

Function and Activity	Total	Land	Buildings and <u>Improvements</u>	Furniture and <u>Fixtures</u>	Machinery and <u>Equipment</u>	Computers and Peripherals
General Government	<u>\$11,298,826</u>	\$9,302,261	\$1,768,224	\$67,779	\$118,803	<u>\$41,759</u>
Total Capital Assets - Governmental Funds	<u>\$11,298,826</u>	<u>\$9,302,261</u>	<u>\$1,768,224</u>	<u>\$67,779</u>	<u>\$118,803</u>	<u>\$41,759</u>

## CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES - BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

Capital Assets -				Capital Assets -
Governmental				Governmental
Funds				Funds
Function and Activity	January 1, 2017	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>December 31, 2017</u>
General Government	<u>\$11,301,378</u>	<u>\$11,267</u>	<u>\$13,819</u>	<u>\$11,298,826</u>
	<u>\$11,301,378</u>	<u>\$11,267</u>	<u>\$13,819</u>	<u>\$11,298,826</u>

# CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE BY SOURCE

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

	2017	2016
Capital Assets - Governmental Funds:		
Land Buildings and improvements Furniture and fixtures Machinery and equipment Computers and peripherals	\$ 9,302,261 1,768,224 67,779 118,803 41,759	
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$11,298,826</u>	<u>\$11,301,378</u>
Investments in Capital Assets - Governmental Funds By Source:		
General Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$ 6,804,532 4,494,294	\$ 6,812,442 4,488,936
	<u>\$11,298,826</u>	\$11,301,378



## J. Terry Gordon & Co.

Certified Public Accountants

40 Technology Parkway South Suite 250 Norcross, Georgia 30092 770 449-4921 770 242-6474 Fax

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Member of Georgia Society of Certified Public Accountants

To The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund of the City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 4, 2018.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

J. TERRY GORDON & CO. Certified Public Accountants

J. Jemy Indm + 6.

Norcross, Georgia

May 4, 2018

## J. Terry Gordon & Co.

Certified Public Accountants

40 Technology Parkway South Suite 250 Norcross, Georgia 30092 770 449-4921 770 242-6474 Fax

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Member of Georgia Society of Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

#### CITY OF BERKELEY LAKE, GEORGIA

Report on the Schedule of Projects Financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax

We have audited the accompanying Schedule of Projects Financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax of the City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the Schedule of Projects Financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Schedule of Projects Financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Schedule of Projects Financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the Schedule of Projects Financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose

of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Schedule of Projects Financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Schedule of Projects Financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fund of the City of Berkeley Lake, Georgia, as of December 31, 2017 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

J. TERRY GORDON & CO.
Certified Public Accountants

Norcross, Georgia

May 4, 2018

# SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS FINANCED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

	Expenditus			<b>Expenditure</b>	S
<u>Project</u>	Estima Original	ted Cost Current	Prior Year	Current Year	<u>Total</u>
2009 SPLOST Referendum:					
Streets, Roads & Bridges Administrative Facilities	\$ 659,128 988,692	\$ 659,128 <u>983,459</u>	\$ 850,072 652,761	\$ -	\$ 850,072 652,761
Total	<u>\$1,647,820</u>	<u>\$1,642,587</u>	<u>\$1,502,833</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$1,502,833</u>
2014 SPLOST Referendum:					
Streets, Roads & Bridges	\$ 863,463	\$ 863,463	\$ 560,813	\$278,180	\$ 838,993
Total	<u>\$ 863,463</u>	\$ 863,463	\$ 560,813	<u>\$278,180</u>	\$ 838,993